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Market update

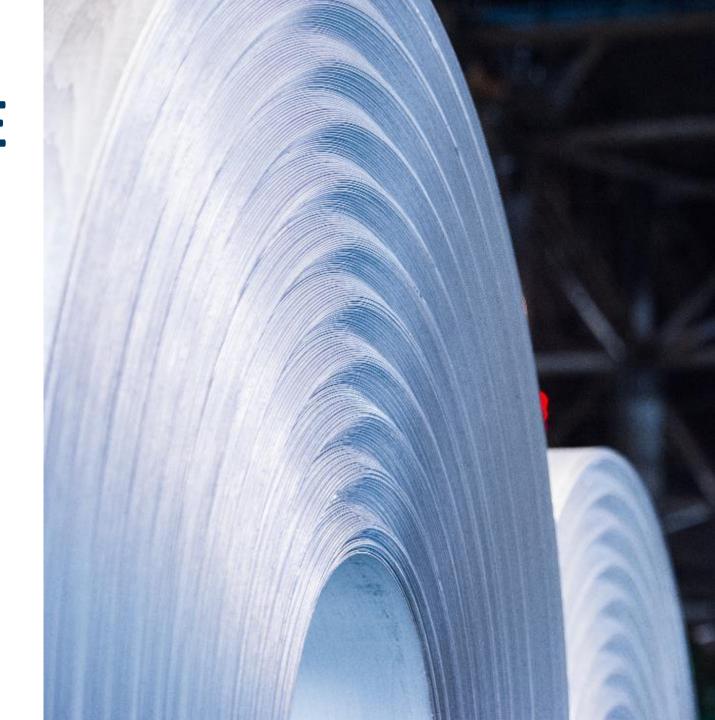
Strategy 2022 highlights

Strategy 2022 execution

Strategy 2030: focus areas

Capital allocation

NLMK's performance





#1 producer in Russia*

TOP-20 globally*

Strong positions on the domestic and global markets (i.e. #1 in global slabs trade, TOP-5 in electrical steel**)

Balanced and diversified production chain

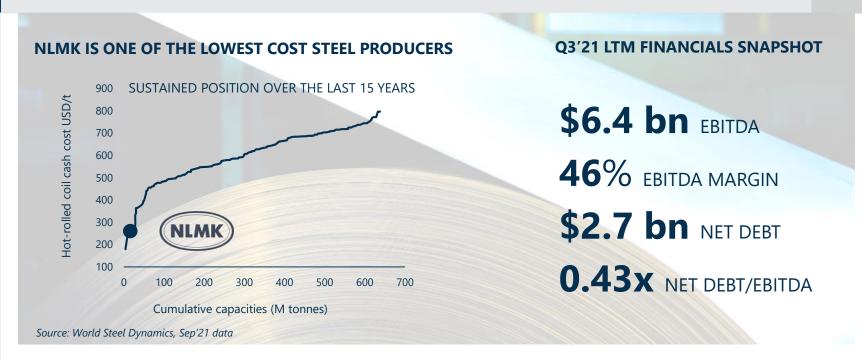
- Vertical integration
- Steel production in Russia
- Downstream in the EU, the US, Russia

One of the most diversified steelmakers globally

- Geography of operations
- Product portfolio
- Customers
- Sales regions (>70 countries)

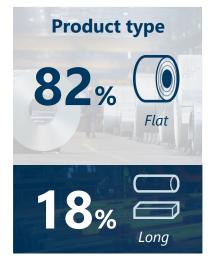
One of the most profitable globally

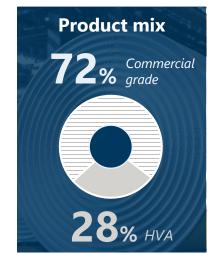
Investment grade ratings from Moody's, S&P and Fitch (Baa2/BBB-/BBB)



DIVERSIFIED BUSINESS MODEL, LTM



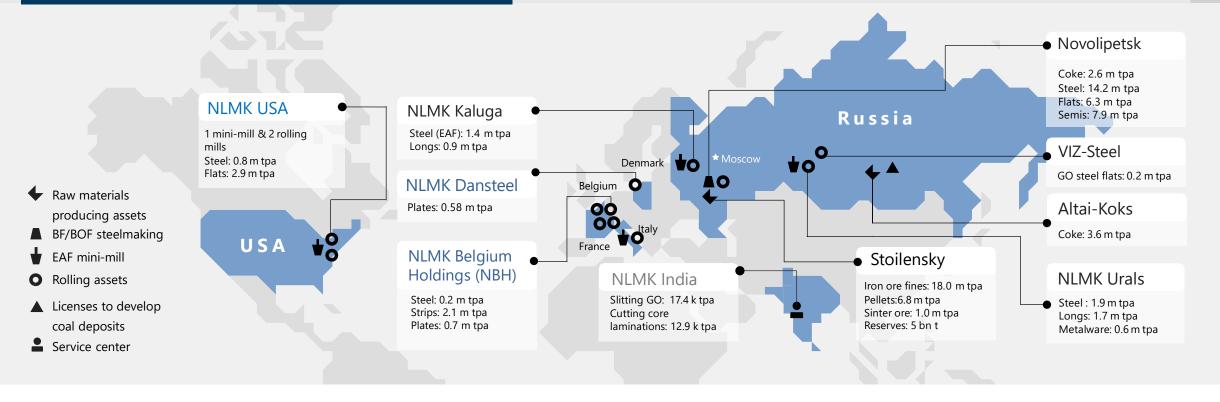


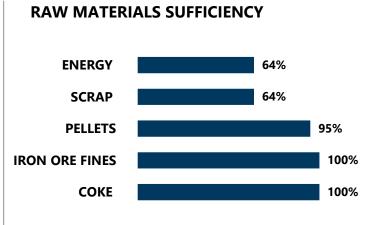


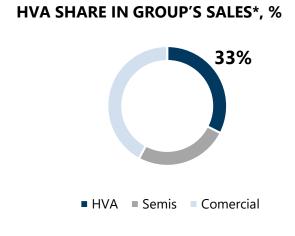


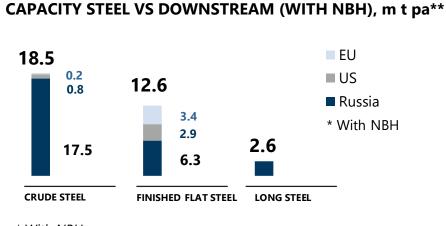
^{*}in terms of crude steel production

** electrical grain oriented (GO) steel









^{*} With NBH
** Effective capacities, at current shifts and product mix

Q3'21 LTM SHIPMENTS: BUSINESS MODEL PROVIDES STRONG FLEXIBILITY

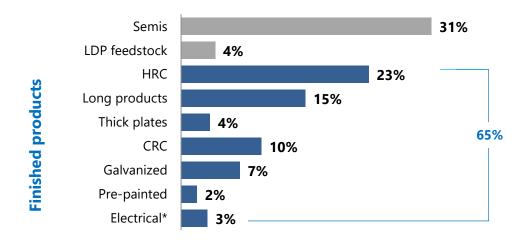
66% of NLMK's sales were made in markets where the Group operates (home markets)

Global shipments with strong domestic footprint

- About 34% of NLMK's deliveries was export
- Well diversified geography of sales with customers in more than 70 countries

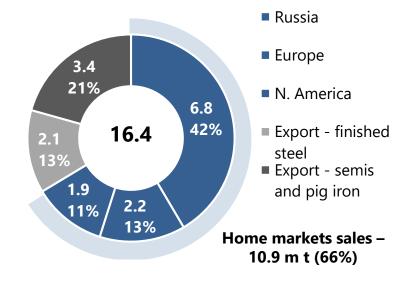
Finished steel was 65% of total shipments without NBH and 75% with NBH LTM

~65% OF GROUP'S SALES W/O NBH WERE FINISHED STEEL PRODUCTS

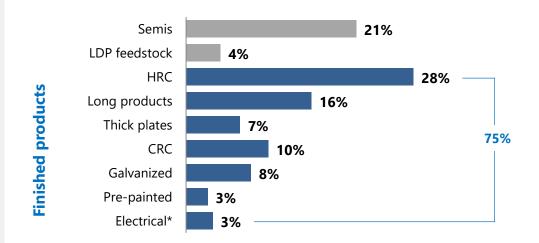


^{*}Transformer and dynamo steel

NLMK: HOME MARKET SALES WITH NBH*, m t



75% OF GROUP'S SALES WITH NBH WERE FINISHED STEEL PRODUCTS



^{*} Sales in the regions where the products are manufactured

NLMK's key principles of sustainable development:

- Creating long-term shareholder value
- Caring about health, wellbeing and development of employees
- Treating environment responsibly
- Delivering value-added products to our customers
- Adhering to high ethical standards in conducting business
- Developing, supporting and respecting the interests of local communities
- Maintaining transparency & high quality information disclosure

Selected non-financial indicators for 2020 were independently verified

SASB and TCFD recommendations were implemented in the 2020 disclosure



NLMK IS THE UN GLOBAL COMPACT'S PARTICIPANT



HEALTH & SAFETY



ENVIRONMENT

0.5

LTIFR target in 2023 vs. 0.84 in 2018 as per WSA

\$183 m

Allocated to projects with an environmental impact in 2020

661k

Overall hours of OHS training in 2020

1.84 t/t

NLMK's CO₂ specific emissions target by 2023 from 1.92 t/t* in 2019

SOCIAL

97%

of water used in production is recycled

61

Hours of total training programs per employee in 2020

4th

Every 4th t of steel is made of scrap

48%

Of management and administrative staff are women

95%

of generated waste is reused

6.0%

Turnover rate in 2020

^{*} Per t of crude steel and commercial pig iron, for more details see ESG-presentation here

Measurable target to reduce CO₂ emissions by 2023

NLMK blast furnaces are among the most efficient in the world in terms of CO₂ emissions

Portfolio of projects for future footprint reduction

NLMK actively enhances climate cooperation:

- Partnerships with industrial partners on CCUS and hydrogen use
- Worldsteel's Step Up program participant to search ideas for further improvement of CO2 efficiency
- The Net Zero Steel Pathway Methodology Project participant
- A strategic partner for Russia's first green startup accelerator

Climate risks assessment with the UK independent consultant in progress

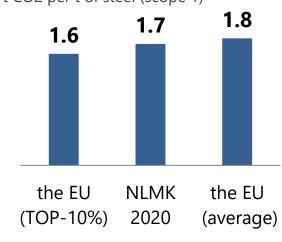
DIRECT & INDIRECT CO₂ EMISSIONS DYNAMICS

t CO2 (scope 1 + scope 2)



CO₂ EMISSIONS AT NLMK LIPETSK

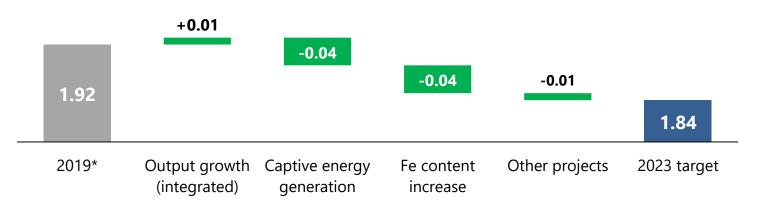
EU ETS methodology, t CO2 per t of steel (scope 1)



EU ETS = EU Emissions Trading System

CO₂ EMISSIONS INTENSITY TARGET

T CO2 per t of steel and commercial pig iron at NLMK Group, (Scope 1+2)



^{*} Adjusted for temporary production decrease at the Lipetsk site, based on the Group's steel output in 2018

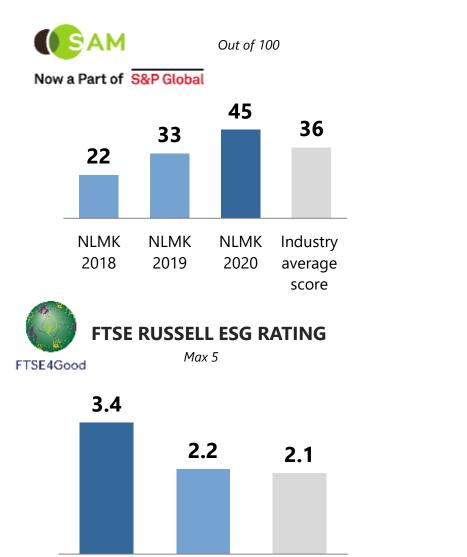
Continuous improvements across the board resulted in NLMK's ESG ratings upgrades by the leading rating agencies in the area of sustainability

Sustainalytics enhanced NLMK's ESG rating score to 28.1: the lower the number – the stronger the management of ESG issues by a company

NLMK is currently ranked among top-6 steel companies analyzed by Sustainalytics

NLMK remained a constituent of the FTSE4Good Index following the June 2020 review

NLMK was named a Sustainability Champion by Worldsteel in 2021



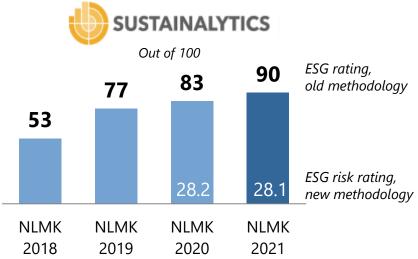
Industry

average

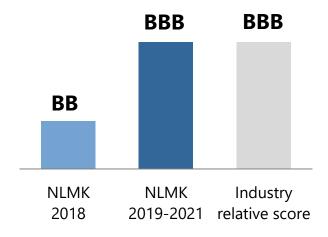
Subsector

average

NLMK







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RAW MATERIAL PRICES – ROLLER COASTER RIDE IN Q3'21

The pace of economic expansion in developed markets decelerated in Sep'21. Manufacturing in emerging markets is close to stagnation

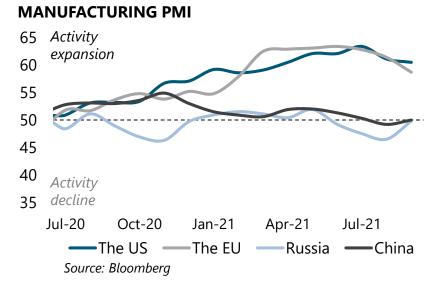
Steel demand in Q3'21 was sequentially lower in most regions, except for the US

- China: seasonality and deceleration of property construction contributed to demand slowdown
- Russia: apparent consumption was lower qoq due to subdued dynamics in manufacturing and construction
- The EU: steel demand was seasonally weaker coupled with chip shortage impact on the automotive sector
- The US: consumption was supported by construction activities and manufacturing other than autos

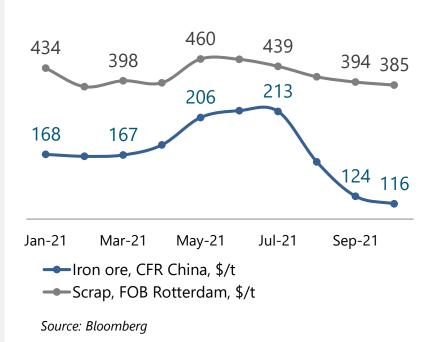
Iron ore quotes dropped amid Chinese steel output restrictions

Coking coal prices in China surged due to tight supply, Australian prices improved on ex-China restocking...

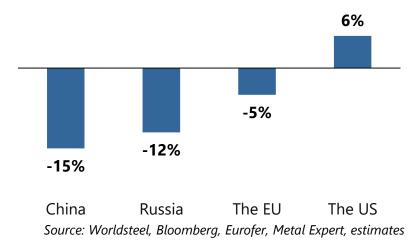
...Russian coal prices' growth was less pronounced



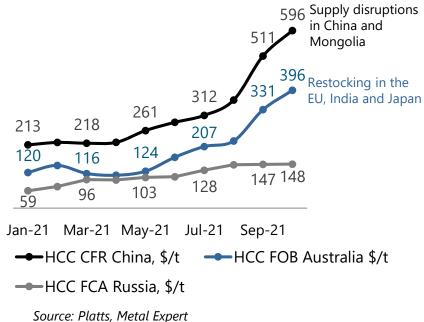
IRON ORE AND SCRAP PRICE



STEEL DEMAND IN KEY REGIONS, Q3'21, QoQ



HCC PRICES



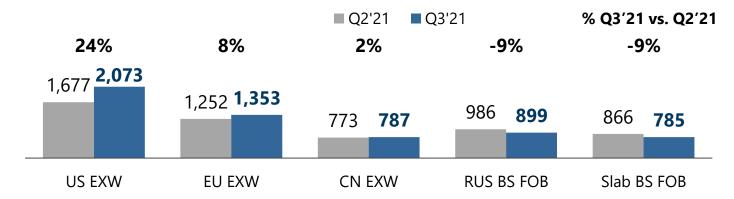
MIXED PRICE TRENDS IN Q3'21 ACROSS DEVELOPED AND EMERGING MARKETS

During Q3'21 regional steel prices exhibited divergent trends on the back of government stimulus and policy restrictions

- The US: steel prices growth outperforming other countries. Strong demand supported by fiscal stimulus persists, while crude steel output has recovered to pre-pandemic levels
- The EU: price increase was backed by improved manufacturing activity although there was seasonal downturn in August
- China: steel prices rose c.2% qoq. Seasonal decline in consumption was offset by government program to limit steel supply
- Russia: HRC and slab export prices fell c.9% qoq following demand deceleration in key export markets; local HRC prices were down 3% reflecting weaker activity in the manufacturing and auto sectors spurred by expectations of higher domestic supply / lower prices due to the introduction of export duties

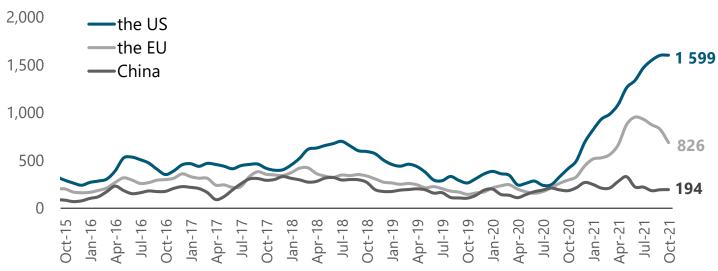
Steel margins in the US and the EU remained elevated during Q3'21, while in October higher input costs (excluding energy) sent the EU gross margins 17% lower

HRC PRICES IN KEY REGIONS AND RUSSIAN EXPORT SLAB PRICES, \$/t



Source: Bloomberg, excl. VAT. Quoted prices can be different from NLMK's realized prices

GROSS PROFIT PER TONNE OF HRC, \$/t



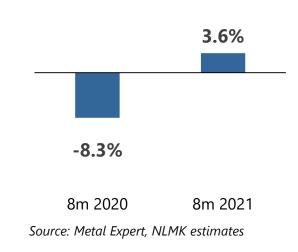
Source: SBB, CRU; Gross profit calculated as domestic HRC price less key raw material costs (iron ore, coal, metallics, and ferroalloys)

Apparent domestic steel consumption was up 3.6% yoy during 8m'21 amid higher CRC consumption (+17%) and coated steel (+11%)

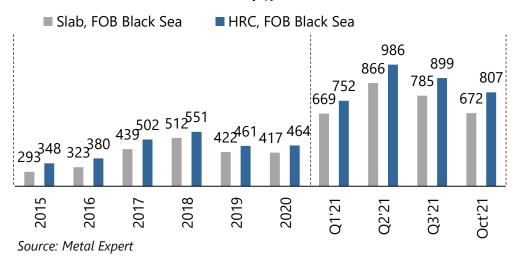
Domestic flat prices softened in Q3'21 with manufacturing activity deceleration

Export flat steel prices slid 9% qoq in Q3'21 due to saturation of pent up demand in key regions

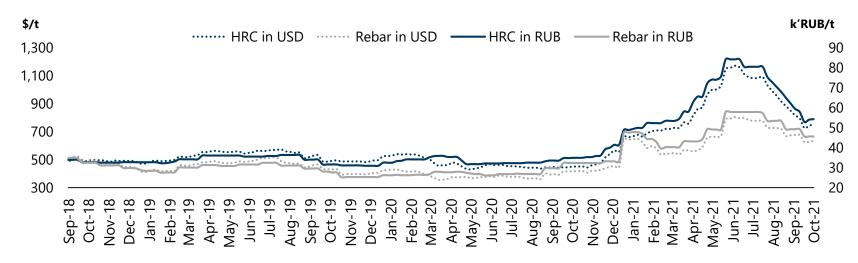
RUSSIAN STEEL DEMAND, % yoy



RUSSIAN STEEL EXPORT PRICES, \$/t



RUSSIAN DOMESTIC STEEL PRICES



Source: Metal Expert, NLMK estimates. Prices excl. VAT

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STRATEGY 2022 TARGETS ADDITIONAL \$1.25 BN OF EBITDA

Targeted structural effect of Strategy 2022 is extra \$1.25 bn of EBITDA

Operational efficiency improvements (no capex) to contribute almost half of the target

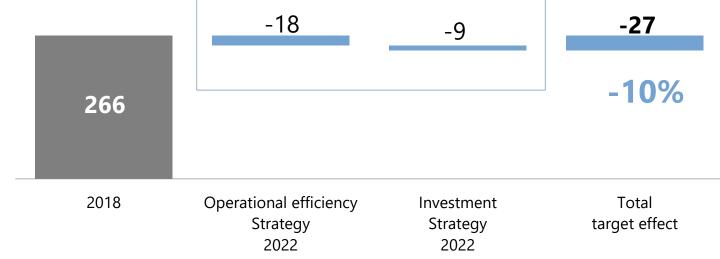
Effect is balanced across strategy targets that should reduce execution risks

Russian Flat division to generate 2/3 of target effect, however sizable gains targeted across the whole value chain

Slab cost reduction of \$27/t to be achieved through operational efficiency and investments



EFFECT ON SLAB CASH COSTS BY 2022, \$/t



Development capex under Strategy 2022 to total \$2.1 bn

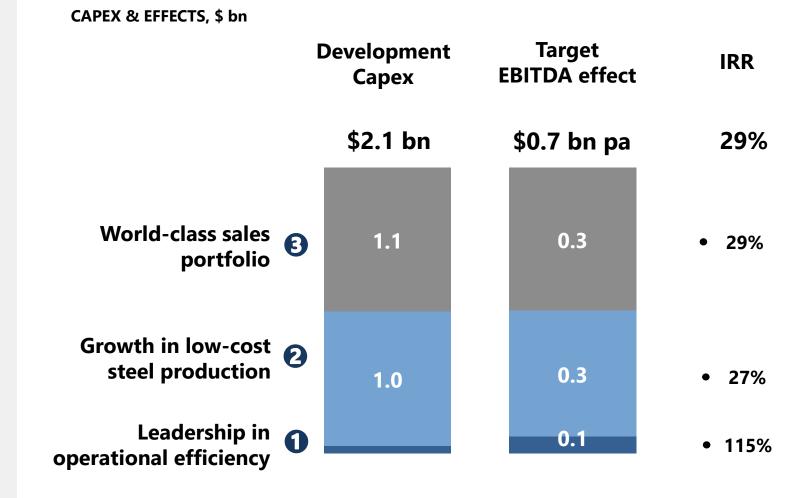
Investment portfolio remains flexible

Focus is on low-risk projects that meet strict investment criteria

IRR is the key metric used to assess projects. Hurdle rate is 25%

Overall IRR for development capex program is 29%

Conservative pricing assumptions are used for key projects: forecasted prices and spreads at or below 5Y average



1 LEADERSHIP IN OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY — OPERATIONAL TARGETS

Key focus areas of operational improvements with zero or minor capex

- Production growth along integrated value chain
- Lower cost of steel targeted slab cash cost reduction of \$18/t

Target setting

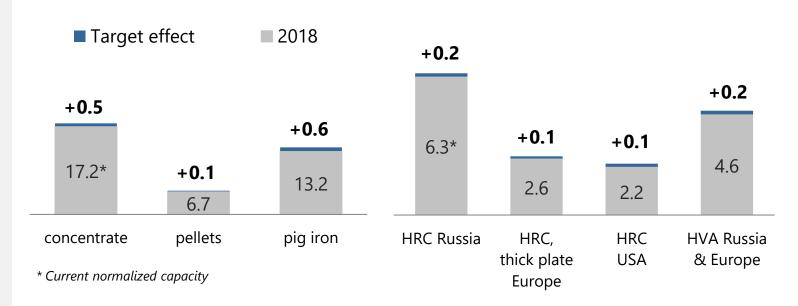
- Technology based
- Internal benchmarking
- Peers' best practice

NLMK Production System to drive the process

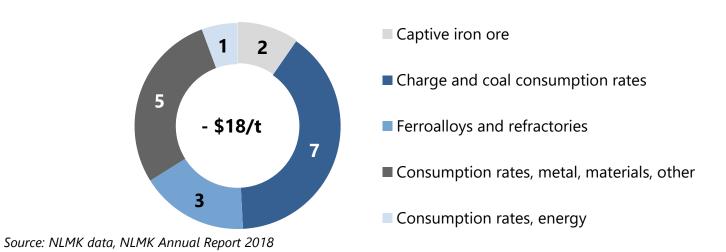
- Ongoing technology development with the highest impact in the hot end production
- High engagement of operational personnel

Labor productivity to grow by 25% across the Group

GROWTH IN PRODUCTION THROUGH IMPROVED OPERATIONAL EFFICIENCY, m t



TARGETED REDUCTION IN SLAB CASH COSTS RELATIVE TO 2018, RUSSIA FLAT, \$/t



Note: the data on the slide are presented with NBH

Target structural EBITDA gain of (+) \$500 m pa

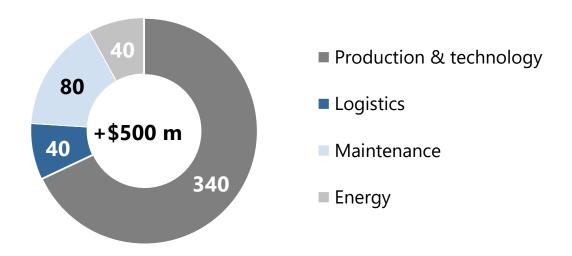
Minor CAPEX requirements of \$50 m

The largest gains to come from production processes and technology

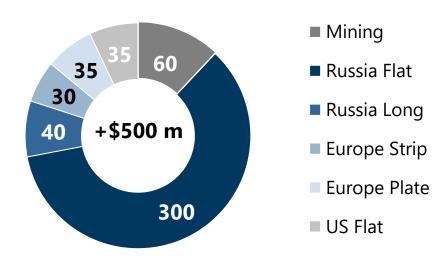
Russia Flat division to contribute the most

- Lower cost of steel
- Better yields
- Improved logistics and overhauls
- Removed bottlenecks
- Higher quality and productivity

TARGET EBITDA GAIN BY 2023 VS 2018, BY AREA, \$ m pa



TARGET EBITDA GAIN BY 2023 VS 2018, BY DIVISION, \$ m pa



Note: the data on the slide are presented with NBH



2 GROWTH IN LOW-COST STEEL PRODUCTION – OPERATIONAL TARGETS

'No-regret' growth project to increase steel production to 14.2 m t pa (+1 m t)

- Continuous casting upgrade at NLMK Lipetsk superior quality slabs
- Concentrate and pellets output to rise by 2.3 m t and 1.2 m t pa, respectively -100% integration in iron ore
- Infrastructure debottlenecking

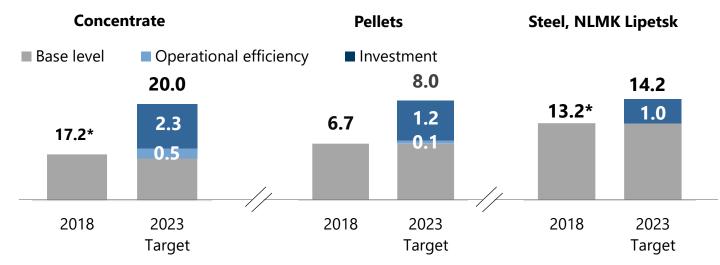
Increase in energy self-sufficiency at Russia Flat

- A 300 MW power plant project to recover by-product fuel gases
- 94% energy self-sufficiency at NLMK Lipetsk

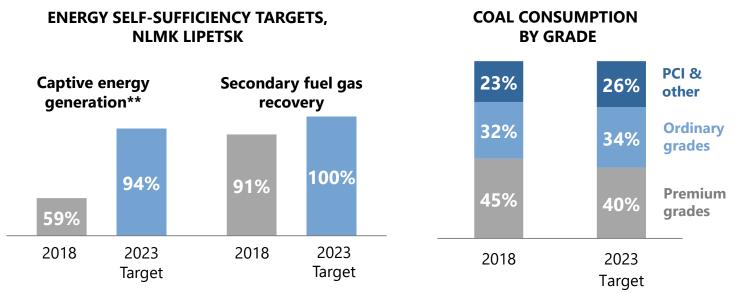
Reduction of premium coal grades in total consumption

- Coal charge stamping project to reduce premium grades consumption from 4.2 m t to 3.8 m t (from 45% to 40%)





^{*} Normalized capacity



Source: NLMK data, NLMK Annual Report 2018 ** Electricity generation at NLMK's own facilities

2 GROWTH IN LOW-COST STEEL PRODUCTION – FINANCIAL TARGETS

Target structural EBITDA gain of (+) \$300 m pa

Targeted slab cash cost reduction of \$9/t

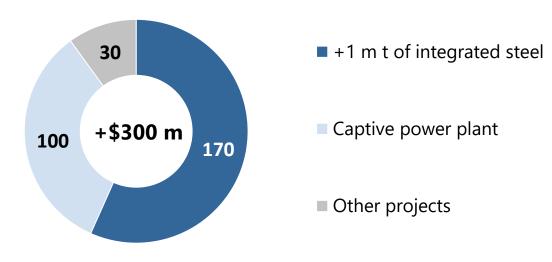
CAPEX requirement: \$990 m

- +1 m t of integrated steel: \$510 m

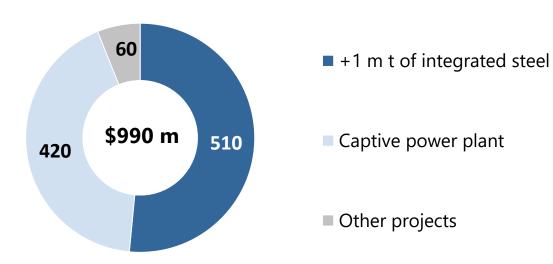
- Captive power plant*: \$420 m

IRR on investments: 27%

TARGET EBITDA GAIN BY 2023 VS 2018, \$ m pa



TOTAL REQUIRED CAPEX 2019-2023, \$ m



O WORLD

Targeted structural EBITDA gain of (+) \$450 m pa

 60% of the effect to be generated by the Russian divisions and 40% by the European and the US divisions

CAPEX requirement: \$1,060 m

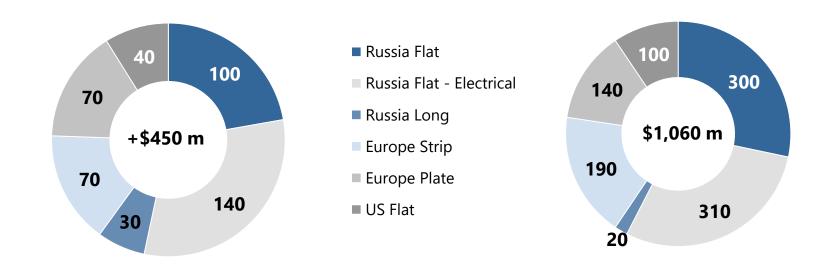
IRR on investments: 29%

HVA products development – key objectives:

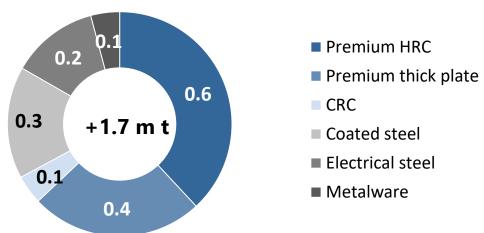
- To ensure an offtake for increased steel volumes
- To generate additional margins
- To reduce volatility of commodity segments

TARGETED EBITDA GAIN BY 2023 VS 2018, \$ m pa

TOTAL REQUIRED CAPEX, 2019-2023, \$ m



TARGETED INCREASE IN HVA PRODUCTS BY 2023, m t





3 WORLD-CLASS SALES PORTFOLIO – RUSSIA FLAT & LONG SALES TARGETS

Russia Flat: New galvanizing line at NLMK Lipetsk

- Rising demand for coated products in Russia
- Additional HDG capacity of +0.4 m t to be partially used to feed existing pre-painted capacity
- Premium coatings and high strength grades

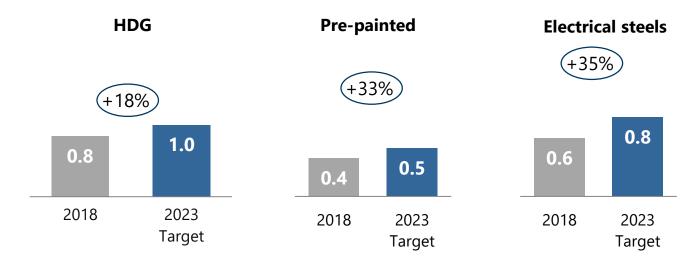
Russia Flat: Increased electrical steel output (GO and NGO) for the global market

- Expected boom in global production of EVs, energy-efficient equipment and transformers
- High grade GO output: +0.1 m t
- Premium grade NGO production for electric vehicles & energy-efficient motors: +0.1 m t

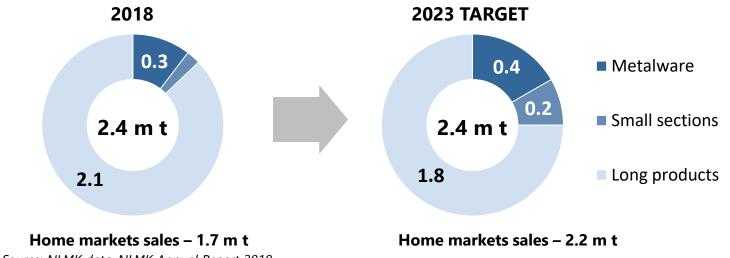
Russia Long: Improved product mix

- Switch from rebar to higher margin shapes: +0.2 m t, advanced metalware products: +65 k t
- Volumes to the Russian market: +0.5 m t (+28%)
- Direct rebar sales to construction end-users to achieve 33% of the portfolio (2018: 25%)

SALES TARGETS FOR SELECTED HVA PRODUCTS, RUSSIA FLAT, m t



TARGETED LONG PRODUCT MIX IMPROVEMENT, m t





3 WORLD-CLASS SALES PORTFOLIO – EUROPE STRIP & PLATE SALES TARGETS

Europe Strip: Increased exposure to fast growing premium segments

- Sales of thin and high-strength steel +0.6 m t. Wider accessible market, market share stays at the same level. Premium coatings: +0.1 m t
- Upgrade of hot strip mill and HDG line
- Europe Strip capacity utilization to reach 80-85%

Europe Plate: Premium plates at Dansteel

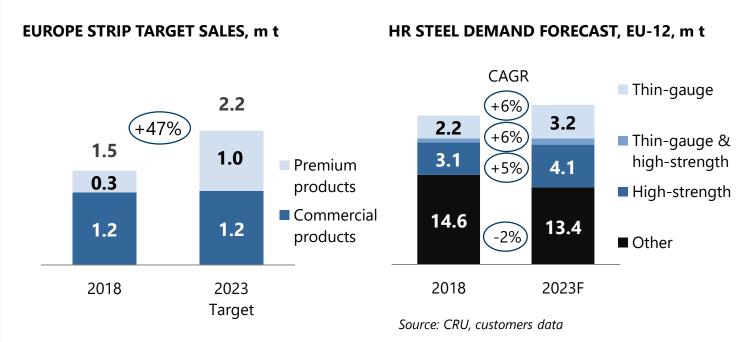
- Additional demand for thick plates for windmills production: 8-11 m t until 2023 and another 12-20 m t in 2023-2030
- +0.2 m t of thick plates for wind generation & pressure vessels at Dansteel
- Key projects: accelerated cooling system and new reheating furnace

Europe Plate: Mix improvement at Clabecq & Verona

- +0.2 m t of Q&T and DQ plates at Clabecq with corresponding reduction in commercial grades
- Europe Plate capacity utilization to reach 80%

US division's strategy is under review

Note: the data on the slide are presented with NBH



TARGET PLATES SALES, m t



4 LEADERSHIP IN SUSTAINABILITY AND SAFETY – TARGETS

Safety development programs

- Safety culture programs & communications
- Contractors management
- Safety risk management

Concealment prevention program launched in late 2019 led to improved light injury registration (finger injuries, slips, etc.)

Targeted 35% drop in LTIFR relative to 2018 and zero fatalities

 LTIFR of 0.5 corresponds to TOP-20 steel companies, as per 2017 WSA ranking

Environmental programs' focus

- Further reduction in environmental footprint
- Waste recycling: metallurgical briquette plant with a capacity of 700 kt pa

Specific air emissions to reach 19.0 kg/t of steel at NLMK Lipetsk

GROUP SAFETY TARGETS, LTIFR*, EMPLOYEES & CONTRACTORS



^{*} LTIFR refers to Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate, the number of lost time injuries occurring in a workplace per 1 million man-hours worked, employees and contractors

SPECIFIC AIR EMISSIONS, NLMK LIPETSK, kg/t of steel



*adjusted for temporary production decrease at the Lipetsk site, actual number was 22.2 kg/t in 2019 and 20.2 in 2020 Source: NLMK data, NLMK Annual Report 2019

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Effects of Strategy 2022 implementation totaled \$248 m in 9M'21 to 2020 base

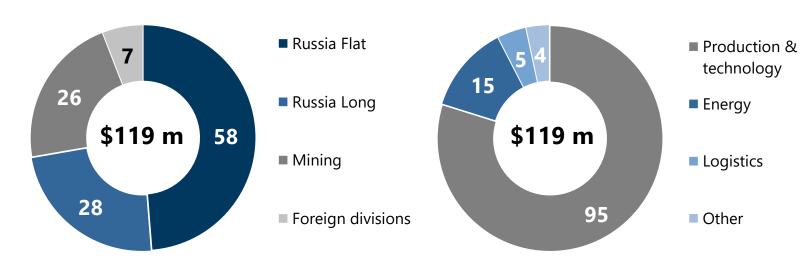
Operational efficiency programs contributed \$119 m driven by Russian Flat, Russian Long and Mining divisions

Investment projects delivered \$129 m* due to the ramp-up of the new additional beneficiation section at Stoilensky (\$56 m) as well as steelmaking equipment upgrades at NLMK Lipetsk (\$101 m)

STRATEGY 2022 EFFECTS IN 9M'21, \$ m pa



EBITDA GAINS FROM EFFICIENCY PROJECTS DURING 9M'21 TO 2020 BASE, BY AREA AND BY DIVISION, \$ m



^{*} Includes one-off negative effect related to the HSM modernization at La Louviere (adjustment for volumes lost during the period the mill was idled)

Equipment assembly at new captive* power plant was started

- Capacity: 300 MW

- CAPEX: \$420 m

Effects: growth in captive power generation from 64% to 95%,
 CO2 emission reduction by 650 kt pa

- To be commissioned in late 2023

Construction of the grain-oriented steel plant in India has commenced

Capacity: 64,000 tCAPEX: \$100-150 m

- Effects: premium electrical steels and global market share growth

- To be commissioned in H1'22

Hot dip galvanizing line (HDGL) #5 at NLMK in progress

- Capacity: 450,000 t

- CAPEX: \$130 m

- Effects: Premium coatings and high strength grades

- To be commissioned in H2'22

Hot strip mill upgrade (HSM) at NLMK La Louviere in progress

- Capacity: growth from 1.7 to 2 m t

- CAPEX: €150 m

 Effects: expansion of the production of thinner, stronger and more environmentally friendly steel

- The first stage of upgrade is done, the second stage in 2022

* Energy generation at NLMK's own facilities

CAPTIVE POWER PLANT AT LIPETSK



HDGL #5 AT LIPETSK SITE



GO STEEL PLANT IN INDIA



HSM LA LOUVIERE



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\$3.5 bn investments









Increasing ore extraction and processing

+24 m tonnes of ore

Building new ore beneficiation capacities

+10 m tonnes of concentrate

Building new capacities for producing pellets with a high Fe content

+9 m tonnes of pellets

Setting up a facility for hot-briquetted iron production

+2.5 m tonnes of HBI



HBI is a cutting-edge raw material for green steel production

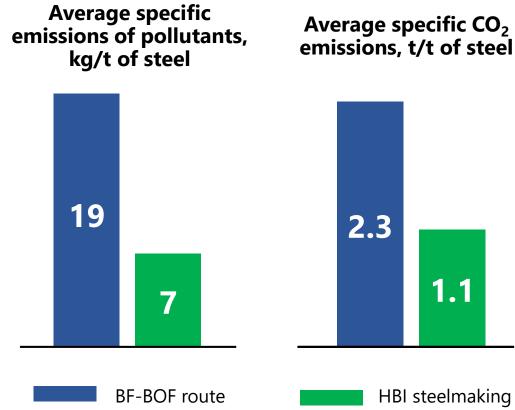


The downward CO₂ emission trend drives global demand for HBI



High added value: replacing pig iron and scrap







CONVEYOR
TRANSPORTATION
FROM OPEN-PIT
MINE
X2 reduction
in emissions*



MAXIMUM UTIILIZATION OF RECYCLED RAW MATERIALS



CLOSED LOOP WATER SYSTEM



EFFECTIVE GAS PURIFICATION

99%

^{*} compared to diesel locomotives

Market update

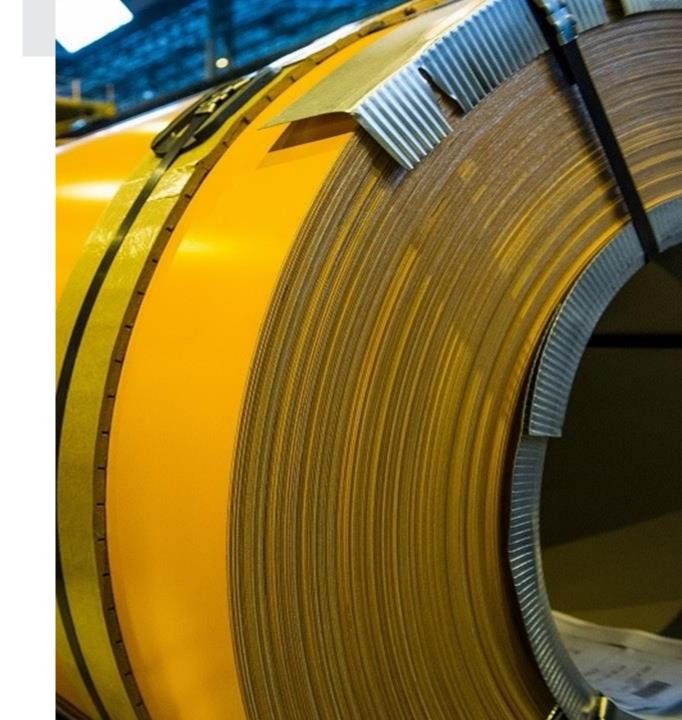
Strategy 2022 highlights

Strategy 2022 execution

Strategy 2030: focus areas

Capital allocation

NLMK's performance



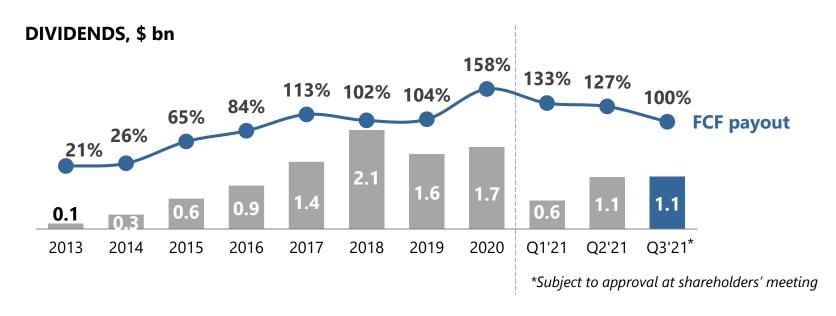
Dividend policy remains intact

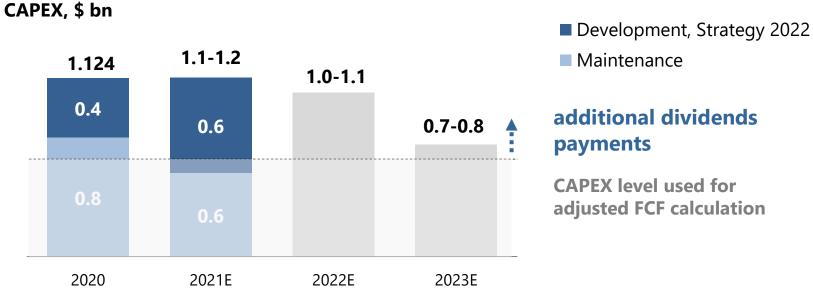
- Minimum 100% of FCF if ND/EBITDA is below 1.0x
- Minimum 50% of FCF if ND/EBITDA is above 1.0x

Higher capex during the strategy cycle is not affecting dividend payments

 Free cash flow to be calculated assuming normalized capex of \$0.7 bn pa for the purposes of dividend payments

Investments to peak in 2021 due to completion of large maintenance projects and active phase of Strategy 2022 execution





Market update

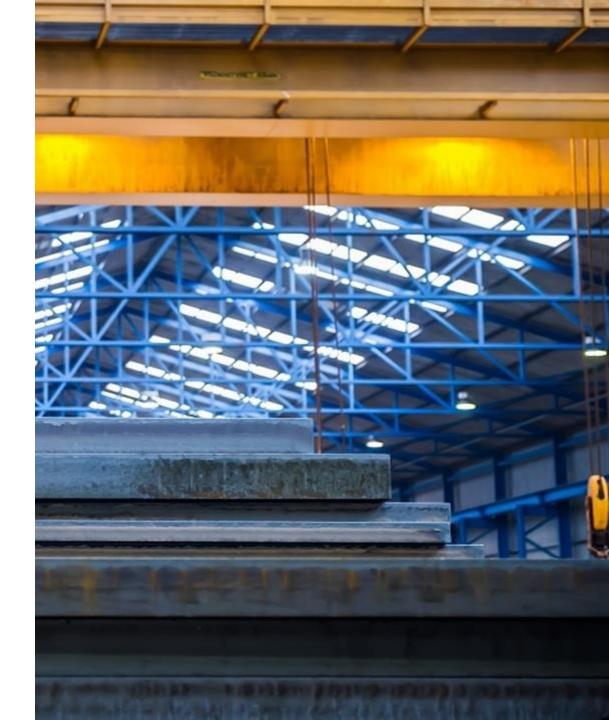
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LOWER SALES IN Q3'21 DUE TO A ONE-OFF STEEL OUTPUT LOSS

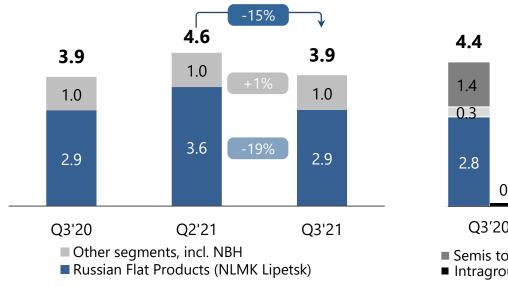
Output decreased by 15% qoq to 3.9 m t

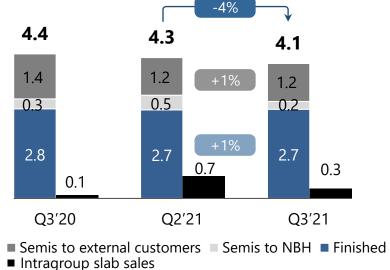
- (-) Incident in the oxygen supply infrastructure of the steelmaking production at the Lipetsk site (Aug'21) and the subsequent repair works
- (-) Planned BF and BOF overhauls

Shipments were down 4% qoq to 4.1 m t

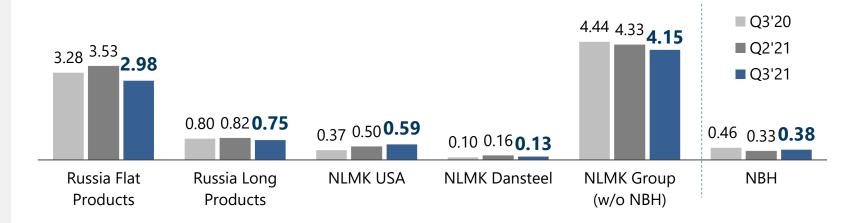
- (-) Lower sales to NBH amid one-off steel output reduction
- (+) Higher shipments of semis to external customers mainly due to increased pig iron deliveries
- (+) Increased sales of finished products supported by stable final demand in key markets







Q3'21: SALES DOWN QOQ DUE TO A TEMPORARY PRODUCTION DECLINE AT THE RUSSIA FLAT DIVISION



Q3'21 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS: FOUR QUARTERS OF SEQUENTIAL GROWTH

Revenue increased by 10% qoq to \$4.6 bn due to higher steel prices

EBITDA rose 11% qoq to \$2.3 bn on the back of widening price spreads

EBITDA margin stood at 50%

- Revenue: \$4,560 m (+10% qoq, 2x yoy)

- EBITDA: \$2,287 m (+11% qoq, 3.9x yoy)

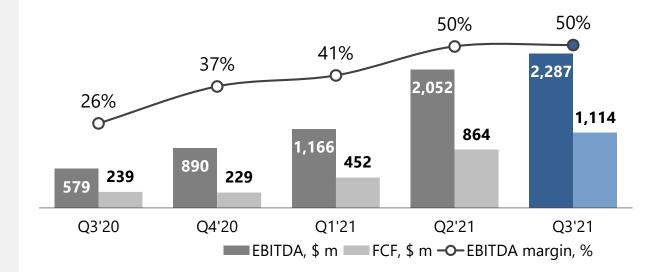
- EBITDA margin: 50% (flat qoq, +24 p.p. yoy)

- FCF: \$1,114 m (+29% qoq; 4.7x yoy)

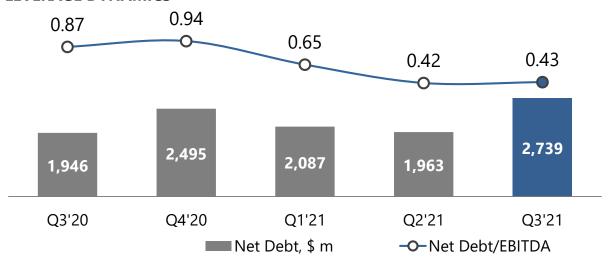
Net debt-to-EBITDA* reached 0.43x

 Net debt increased by 40% qoq to \$2.7 bn on dividend outflows and working capital buildup as a result of strong market conditions

FCF, EBITDA AND MARGIN DYNAMICS



LEVERAGE DYNAMICS



Note: the data on the slide are represented without NBH

^{*} For detailed information and calculations for this indicator please refer to the Appendix of NLMK Group Q3 2021 IFRS Financial Results press release

EBITDA 11% HIGHER QOQ AMID PRICE SPREADS EXPANSION

Russian Flat products: EBITDA softened to \$1,154 m

- (-) Decrease in shipments one-off steel production loss
- (-) Export duties accrual
- (+) Investment projects gains

Russian Long products: EBITDA was almost flat at \$158 m

- (+) Improved spreads
- (-) Lower billet shipments amid export duty introduction in Russia starting 1st Aug'21

NLMK USA: EBITDA totaled \$354 m

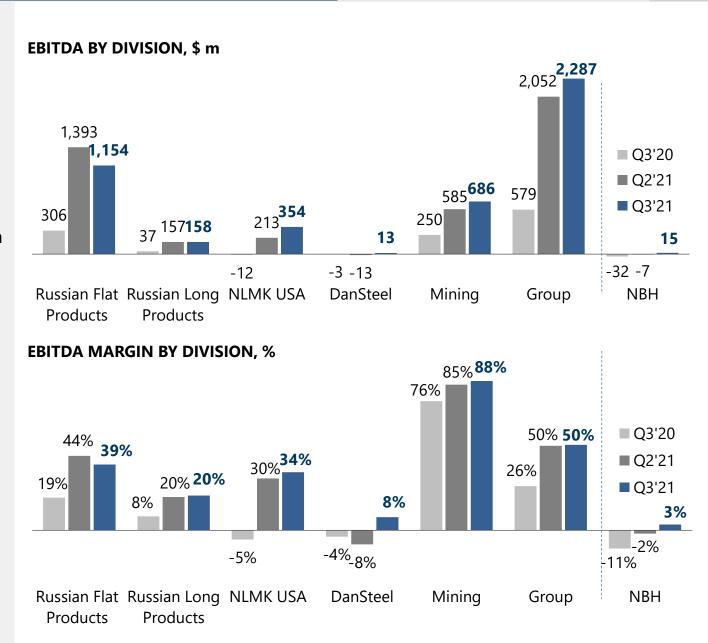
- (+) Growth in shipments
- (+) Improved spreads between rolled products and feedstock

Mining: EBITDA increased to \$686 m

- (+) Higher iron ore prices

Dansteel: EBITDA reached \$13 m supported by price spreads growth despite seasonally weaker sales

NBH: EBITDA rose to \$15 m on higher price spreads and shipments



Q3'21 FURTHER GROWTH OF FCF FOLLOWING SOLID PROFITABILITY

Working capital build-up amounted to \$451 m

- (-) \$223 m increase in receivables
 - (-) advance payments for export duties (\$139 m)
 - (-) increase in accrued VAT refund as a result of lower steel prices coupled with higher raw materials prices (\$113 m)
 - (-) higher steel prices (\$116 m)
 - (+) advanced payments from clients (\$181 m)
- (-) \$262 inventories growth
 - (-) higher raw material prices (\$135 m)
 - (-) seasonal growth of scrap stocks (\$77 m)
- (+) \$50 increase in payables coking coal price increase

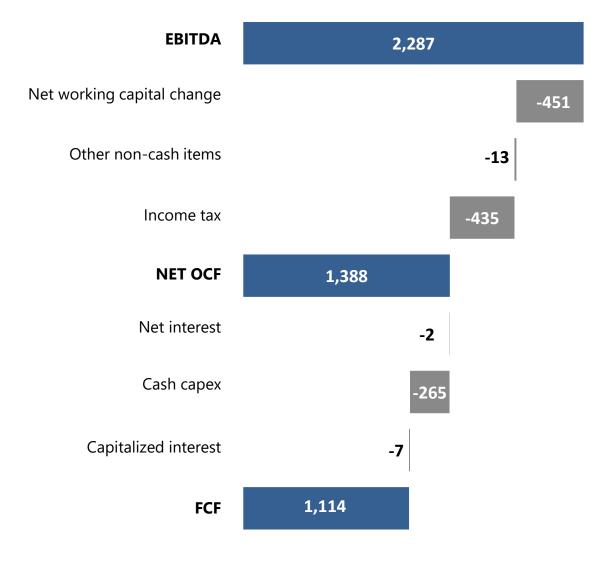
Capex in Q3'21 declined to \$272 m (-24% qoq)

- High base effect of Q2'21
- Partial shift of investment load at NBH to Q3'21

In 2021, capex to reach \$1.2 bn, in line with the original guidance

FCF grew by 29% qoq to \$1,114 m due to higher EBITDA and capex reduction, which was partially offset by increase in working capital





Note: the data on the slide are represented without NBH

STRONG DEBT PORTFOLIO AND LIQUIDITY POSITION

Total debt increased by 20% qoq to \$3.4 bn

Net debt / 12M EBITDA stood at 0.43x

- Net debt up 40% qoq to \$2.7 bn
- Liquidity was at the \$0.7 bn level
- \$1.5 bn is available through undrawn credit lines

Working capital lines maturing in Q4'21 – Q3'22 to be repaid of refinanced:

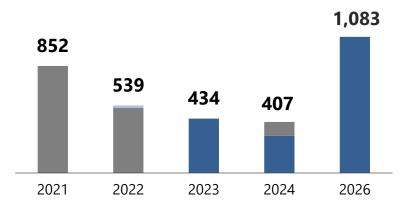
- 60% will be repaid
- 40% will be refinanced

€600 m revolving credit facility (RCF) and €250 m ESG-rating-linked RCF will be used to refinance existing working capital lines

Average cost of debt declined to historically low level of 2.4%

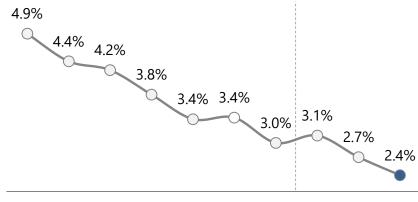
DEBT* MATURITY, \$ m

■ Working capital lines ■ ECA lines ■ Eurobonds



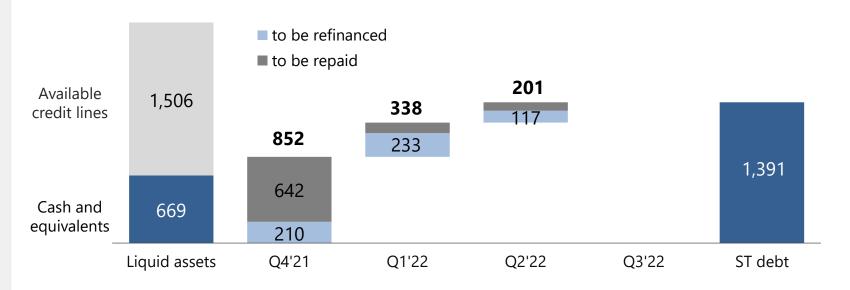
* Excluding interest payments

COST OF DEBT REMAINS LOW, %



2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Q1'21 Q2'21 Q3'21

LIQUIDITY AND SHORT-TERM DEBT, \$ m



NLMK AT GLANCE

Market update

Strategy 2022 highlights

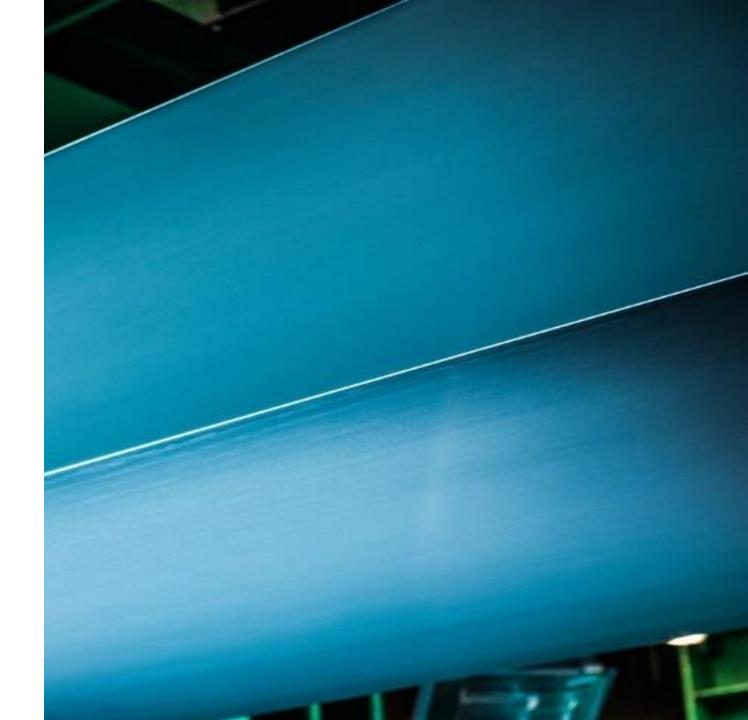
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Appendix



NLMK KEY HIGHLIGHTS

Steel capacity utilization is above 90% through the cycle

Steel output growth in 2013-2018 driven by efficiency improvements

Lower steel production in 2019-2020 due to major overhauls at the Lipetsk site

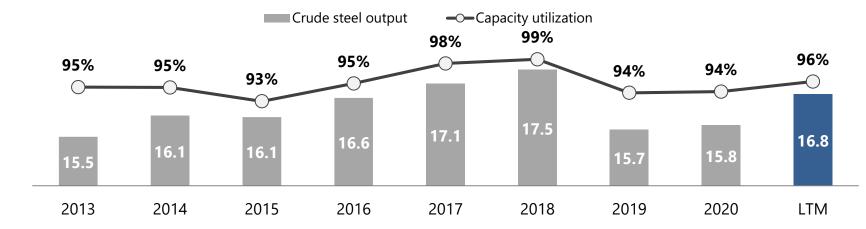
65% of sales are finished products

43% of finished products sales are high value added products at NLMK Group

39% of finished steel sales in Russia are HVA products

Strong domestic footprint with more than 2/3 of sales made in our home markets – Russia, Europe, USA

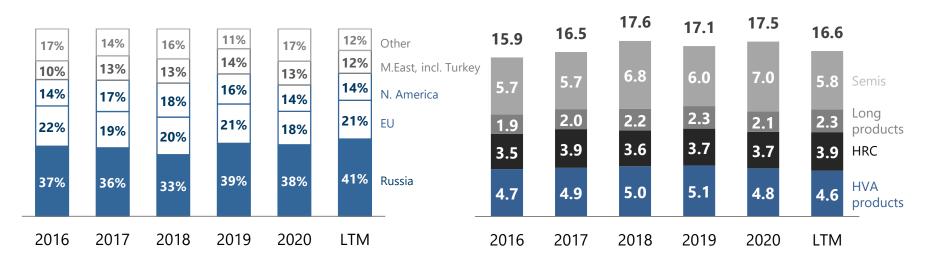
STEEL PRODUCTION, m t



Source: NLMK operating results, with NBH

SHIPMENTS STRUCTURE W/O NBH BY REGIONS

GROUP'S SALES STRUCTURE W/O NBH BY PRODUCT, m t



SALES IN RUSSIA

NLMK holds leading positions in Russia in HVA production

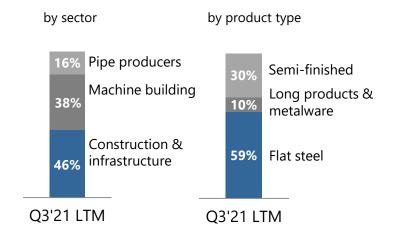
The company has exposure to niche products:

- LDP feedstock
- The only transformer steel producer in Russia

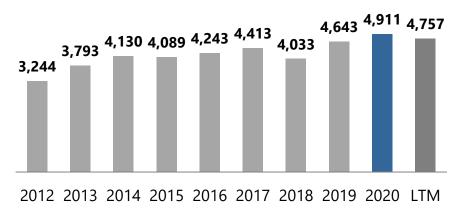
This is further supported by diversification into flat / long products

NLMK also has the flexibility to relocate shipments from domestic to export markets and vice versa

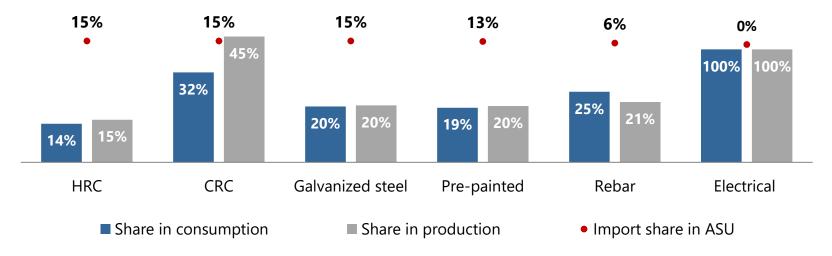
NLMK: SALES TO THE RUSSIAN MARKET



NLMK: FLAT STEEL SALES IN RUSSIA, m t



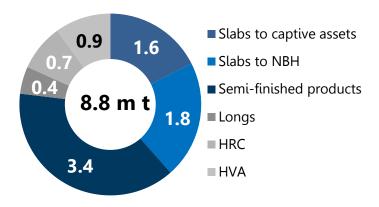
NLMK'S SHARE ON THE RUSSIAN STEEL MARKET, LTM*



Source: NLMK financial and operating results for Q3'21, management data, Metal Expert

SALES & EXPORT STRUCTURE

NLMK - EXPORTS FROM RUSSIA BY PRODUCT, Q3'21 LTM, m t



Source: NLMK financial and operating results as of Q3'21 (LTM)

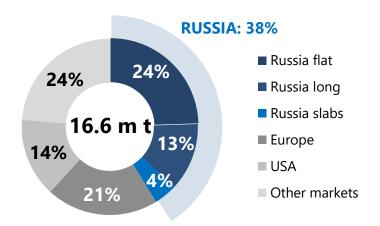
NLMK - EXPORTS FROM RUSSIA BY DESTINATION, Q3'21 LTM, m t

SALES TO CAPTIVE ASSETS* 35% EXPORTS TO 3RD PARTIES 65%

0.9
2.0
8.8 m t
3.4
■ Captive
■ EU
■ S.&C. America
■ N. America
■ M.East and Turkey
■ Other regions

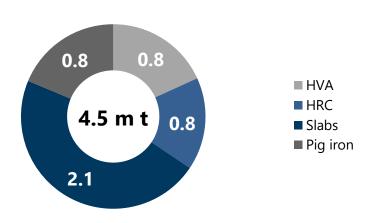
Source: NLMK financial and operating results as of Q3'21 (LTM)
* NLMK's own facilities in the US and the EU (NLMK USA, Dansteel, NBH)

NLMK GROUP - SALES BREAKDOWN W/O NBH, Q3'21 LTM, m t



Source: NLMK financial and operating results as of Q3'21 (LTM)

NLMK - FLAT EXPORTS FROM RUSSIA TO 3RD PARTIES, Q3'21 LTM, m t



Source: NLMK financial and operating results as of Q3'21 LTM)

NLMK HAS LIMITED EXPOSURE TO TRADE BARRIERS

Significant portion of NLMK's exports and total shipments is not subject to import restrictions

- Semis are usually not subject to trade measures
- Sales in home markets from local assets are free from barriers

Recent trade barriers in the EU

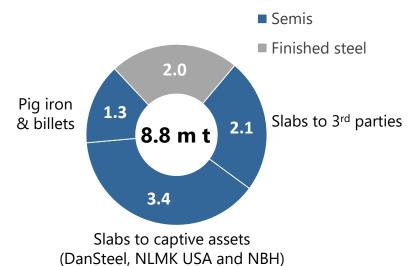
 Specific trade restriction measures, including quotas were implemented in Feb 2019 and prolonged in Jun 2021 for additional 3 year period (till 2024)

USA trade barriers: section 232, 25% tariff on almost all shipments from Russia

For reference: NLMK International (EU & US) rolling capacity

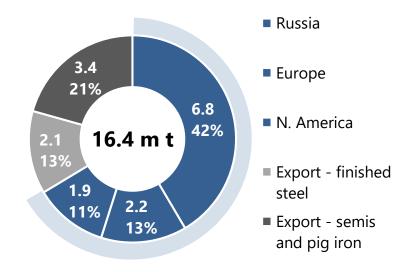
- NLMK EU HRC capacity: 2.2 m t* (installed 2.2 m tpa)
- NLMK EU CRC capacity: 0.4 m t*
- NLMK EU Plate capacity: 1.4 m t*
- NLMK USA HRC capacity: 2.9 m t* (with 0.8 m tpa of captive EAF capacity**)

90% OF NLMK'S EXPORTS FROM RUSSIA WAS NOT SUBJECT TO IMPORT RESTRICTIONS, Q3'21 (LTM), m t



Free from import restrictions 7.9 m t

GROUP'S SALES BY REGION (WITH NBH), Q3'21 LTM, m t



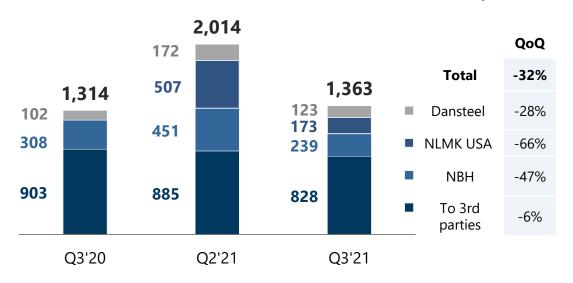
Home markets

^{* @}current shifts

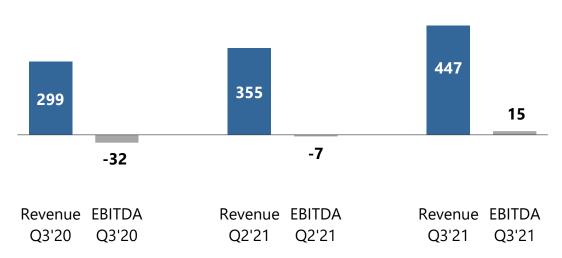
^{**} NLMK USA own steel production capacity via EAF

FOREIGN ASSETS PERFORMANCE

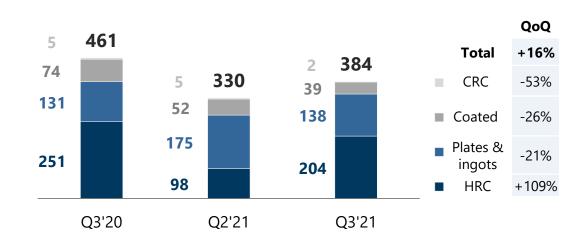
SLABS SALES FROM THE RUSSIAN FLAT PRODUCTS DIVISION, k t



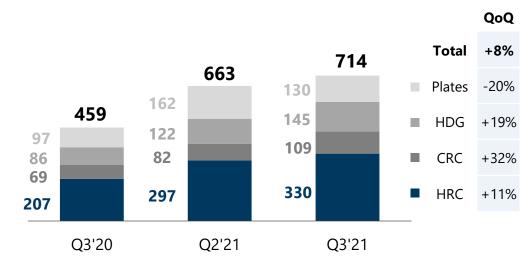
NBH FINANCIAL RESULTS, \$ m



NBH ROLLED PRODUCTS SALES, k t



NLMK USA AND NLMK DANSTEEL SALES, k t



EXPOSURE TO COMMODITY MARKETS AND FX

Revenue/cost FX split provides a solid cushion in volatile commodity prices fluctuation

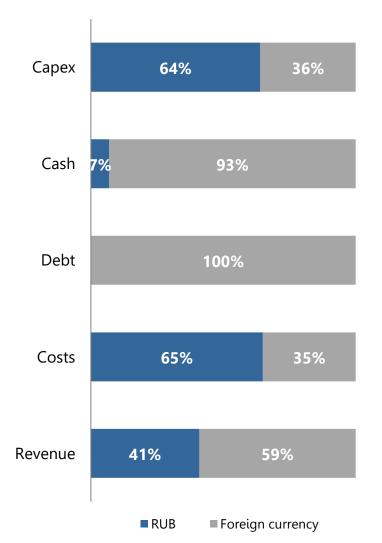
NLMK's EBITDA sensitivity to 1 rub change translates into \$2.8 m effect on EBITDA on annual basis

Hedging accounting: the amount of hedged revenue aligns the amount of payments on bonds and bonds' coupons

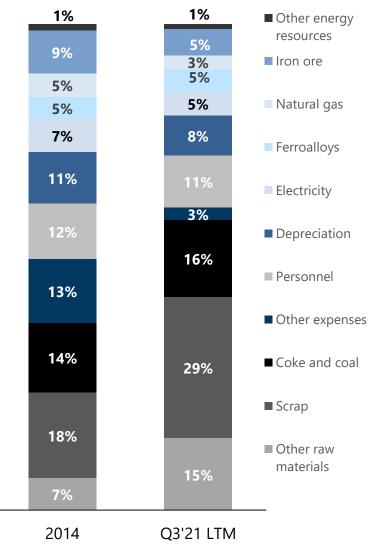
Consistent optimization of coking coal consumption

- Phase 1 done: substituted imported coking coal with Russian grades after the launch of optimization measures at the Lipetsk site with no loss in coke quality
- Phase 2 done: to roll out the PCI technology and introduce coking additives to optimize feedstock consumption as well as to raise coke quality
- Phase 3 done: develop upstream technologies (charge stamping commissioned in Q3'2020)





COST OF SALES STRUCTURE



Source: NLMK financial and operating results for Q3'21 LTM

C/coal, China CFR

COAL PRICES AND IMPLICATIONS FOR NLMK

Russian coal market is oversupplied with >30% of output exported...

 ... hence, Russian coking coal trades with c. 40% discount vs global (on long-term average)

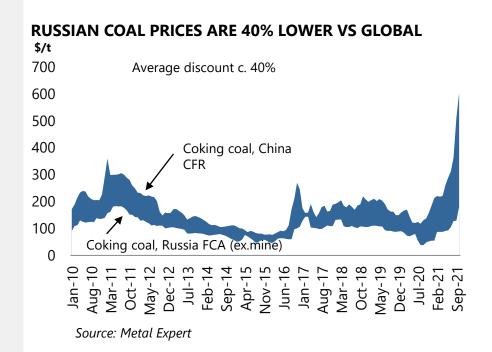
NLMK relies on Russian coal suppliers

NLMK has over 100% sufficiency in coke (coal processing)

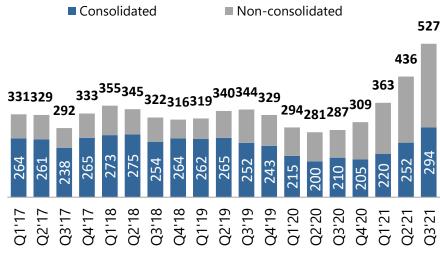
Since Q2'17 90% of BFs at Lipetsk are equipped with pulverized coal injection (PCI) technology

 PCI reduces consumption of coke and natural gas by 30-50%

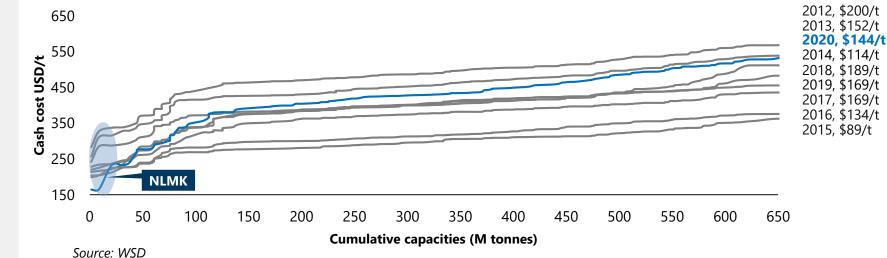
Coal charge stamping commissioned in Q3'2020



NLMK'S CASH COST OF SLABS







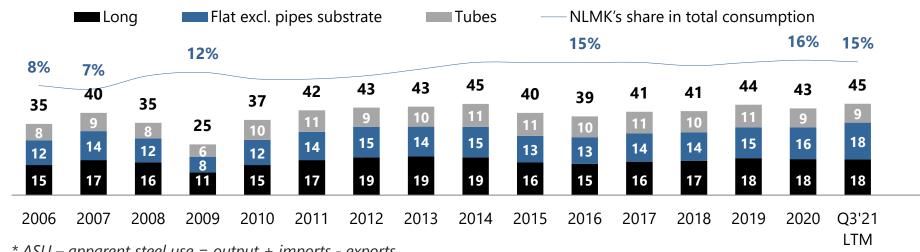
STEEL DEMAND AND IMPORTS STRUCTURE IN RUSSIA

In 2009, the GFC shed almost 10 m t of Russian demand for steel, COVID-19 has had much smaller impact on steel consumption in Russia thus far (mainly in tubes segment)

During economic downturns (usually accompanied by FX devaluation) import's share in Russia's ASU tends to decline, c. 12% in ASU currently

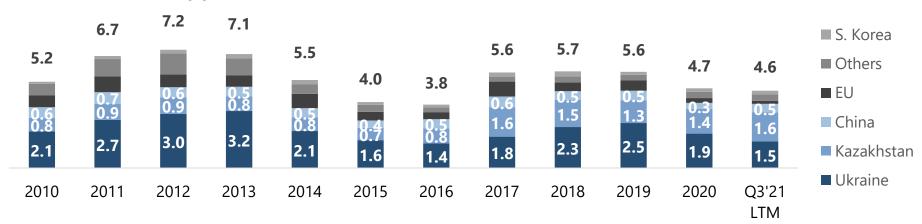
- Ukraine is the main steel importer into Russia (36% of imports LTM), particularly of long products
- Kazakhstan is the second largest importer (33% of imports), predominately of flat steel

APPARENT STEEL USAGE (ASU)* IN RUSSIA, m t



^{*} ASU – apparent steel use = output + imports - exports

TOTAL IMPORTS (excl. pipes), m t



Source: Metal Expert

KEY FINANCIALS

(\$ m)	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	LTM
Income Statement							
Revenue	8,008	7,636	10,065	12,046	10,554	9,245	13,951
Cost of sales	-5,496	-5,074	-6,798	-7,680	-7,303	-5,920	-6,768
Gross profit	2,512	2,562	3,267	4,366	3,251	3,325	7,183
SG&A	-1,125	-1,075	-1,236	-1,354	-1,249	-1,254	-1,378
EBITDA	1,943	1,943	2,655	3,589	2,564	2,645	6,395
Operating income	1,387	1,487	2,031	3,012	2,002	2,071	5,805
Finance expenses	-95	-105	-87	-70	-68	-90	-116
Other expense/income	29	-210	-121	-213	-140	-401	-365
Pre-tax income	1,321	1,172	1,823	2,729	1,794	1,580	5,324
Income tax	-353	-233	-371	-486	-453	-343	-995
Minority	1	4	2	5	2	1	15
Net income	967	935	1,450	2,238	1,339	1,236	4,314
EBITDA margin	24%	25%	26%	30%	24%	29%	46%
EBITDA/t sales	123	122	161	204	150	151	385
EPS	0.16	0.16	0.24	0.37	0.22	0.21	0.72
(m t)	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	LTM
Production							
Production Crude steel							
	15.9	16.4	16.9	17.3	15.5	15.7	16.6
Crude steel	15.9 16.0	16.4 16.6	16.9 17.1	17.3 17.5	15.5 15.7	15.7 15.8	16.6 16.8
Crude steel Group With NBH							
Crude steel Group With NBH Sales							16.8
Crude steel Group With NBH Sales Semi-finished steel	16.0 6.0	16.6 5.7	17.1 5.7	17.5 6.8	15.7	15.8 7.0	16.8 5.8
Crude steel Group With NBH Sales Semi-finished steel Finished steel	16.0	16.6	17.1	17.5	6.0 11.1	15.8	16.8 5.8 10.8
Crude steel Group With NBH Sales Semi-finished steel	6.0 9.8	16.6 5.7 10.2	17.1 5.7 10.8	17.5 6.8 10.8	15.7	7.0 10.5	16.8 5.8
Crude steel Group With NBH Sales Semi-finished steel Finished steel Flat Longs and	6.0 9.8 7.7	5.7 10.2 8.0	5.7 10.8 8.5	6.8 10.8 8.4	6.0 11.1 8.5	7.0 10.5 8.2	5.8 10.8 8.2
Crude steel Group With NBH Sales Semi-finished steel Finished steel Flat Longs and metalware	6.0 9.8 7.7 2.1	16.6 5.7 10.2 8.0 2.2	17.1 5.7 10.8 8.5 2.3	17.5 6.8 10.8 8.4 2.4	6.0 11.1 8.5 2.5	7.0 10.5 8.2 2.3	16.8 5.8 10.8 8.2 2.6
Crude steel Group With NBH Sales Semi-finished steel Finished steel Flat Longs and metalware Total consolidated sales	6.0 9.8 7.7 2.1	16.6 5.7 10.2 8.0 2.2 15.9	17.1 5.7 10.8 8.5 2.3 16.5	17.5 6.8 10.8 8.4 2.4 17.6	15.7 6.0 11.1 8.5 2.5	7.0 10.5 8.2 2.3 17.5	16.8 5.8 10.8 8.2 2.6 16.6

(\$ m)	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	LTM
Balance Sheet							
Cash	1,515	1,508	1,358	1,184	870	991	669
Inventories	1,205	1,549	1,879	1,816	1,634	1,373	2,166
Accounts receivable	921	955	1,228	1,326	1,047	1,148	1,947
Other current assets	9	19	19	10	14	16	132
Fixed assets	4,452	5,328	5,549	4,807	6,039	5,659	6,930
Investments	118	181	205	159	223	131	10
Other non-current assets	627	627	531	628	527	502	-10
Total assets	8,918	10,239	10,996	9,944	10,484	9,862	11,844
Short-term debt	560	468	380	398	468	1,054	1,423
Accounts payable	565	888	1,029	1,122	1,124	1,065	1,492
			,	,	,	,	, -
Other current liabilities	189	373	590	553	350	163	170
Long-term debt	2,116	1,801	1,901	1,677	2,188	2,432	1,985
Other non-current							
liabilities	351	399	450	360	407	407	422
Minority interest	12	18	17	15	17	11	25
Total shareholders'							
equity	5,137	6,310	6,646	5,834	5,947	4,741	6,352
Total liabilities and							
equity	8,918	10,239	10,996	9,944	10,484	9,862	11,844
Net Debt	1,161	761	923	891	1,786	2,495	2,739
Cash flow statement							
Net income	968	939	1,452	2,243	1,341	1,237	4,329
Depreciation	556	456	624	577	562	574	590
Changes in working							
capital	-11	37	-380	-261	465	-16	-1426
Other	109	267	203	182	255	486	357
Operating cash flow	1,622	1,699	1,899	2,741	2,623	2,281	3,850
Capex	-595	-559	-592	-680	-1,080	-1,124	-1,136
Acquisitions	0	0	-1	-4	-1	0	0
Other	-780	249	-165	974	-330	-8	190
Investing cash flow	-1,375	-310	-758	290	-1,411	-1,132	-946
Change in debt	97	-453	-105	-173	515	718	248
Dividends	-395	-583	-1,283	-1,888	-2,120	-1,637	-792
Other	-79	-84	-71	-58	-63	-101	-2,568
Financing cash flow	-377	-1,120	-1,459	-2,119	-1,668	-1,020	-3,112
Effect of Forex	-76	-2	9	-34	-10	0	-5
Free cash flow	992	1,092	1,266	2,027	1,523	1,103	2,659





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